

Status of UNCITRAL Conventions and Model Laws

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1 **Status of UNCITRAL Conventions and Model
Laws**

2 **May 2005**

3 **I. Participation in UNCITRAL Conventions**

4 **Comment**

5 This is document has been updated from the May 2005 version
of the UNCITRAL text, found at [http://www.uncitral.org/english/
status/status-e.htm](http://www.uncitral.org/english/status/status-e.htm) Which starts with the following note:

6 1. The present note sets forth the status of the conventions
and model laws emanating from the work of the [UNCITRAL]
Commission. It also shows the status of the Convention on the
Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards (New
York, 1958), which, although adopted prior to the establishment
of the Commission, is closely related to the work of the Commis-
sion in the area of international commercial arbitration.

7 2. For more authoritative status information or other treaty
law matters, such as territorial application, please contact the
Secretariat unit which discharges the depositary functions
of the Secretary-General in respect of multilateral treaties:
Treaty Section, Office of Legal Affairs, United Nations Head-
quarters (<http://untreaty.un.org>) (tel.: 212-963-5472, fax:
212-963-3693).

8 3. The following texts are covered in this list (note that the term
“action” hereinafter is used generically to denote an instrument
of ratification, approval, acceptance or accession, which has
been deposited in respect of a treaty, or a participation in a
treaty as a result of an action to a related treaty):

9 1. Convention on the Limitation Period in the International
Sale of Goods, concluded at New York on 14 June 1974, as
amended by the Protocol of 11 April 1980

2. [Unamended] Convention on the Limitation Period in the In- 10
ternational Sale of Goods (New York, 1974) +/

3. United Nations Convention on the Carriage of Goods by Sea, 11
1978 (Hamburg)

4. United Nations Convention on Contracts for the International 12
Sale of Goods (Vienna, 1980)

5. United Nations Convention on International Bills of Ex- 13
change and International Promissory Notes (New York,
1988)

6. United Nations Convention on the Liability of Operators of 14
Transport Terminals in International Trade (Vienna, 1991)

7. United Nations Convention on Independent Guarantees and 15
Stand-by Letters of Credit (New York, 1995)

8. United Nations Convention on the Assignment of Receiv- 16
ables in International Trade (New York, 2001)

9. Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign 17
Arbitral Awards (New York, 1958)

10. UNCITRAL Model Law on International Commercial Arbi- 18
tration (1985)

11. UNCITRAL Model Law on International Credit Transfers 19
(1992)

12. UNCITRAL Model Law on Procurement of Goods, Con- 20
struction and Services (1994)

13. UNCITRAL Model Law on Electronic Commerce 21
(1996)

14. UNCITRAL Model Law on Cross-Border Insolvency 22
(1997)

15. UNCITRAL Model Law on Electronic Signatures 23
(2001)

24 **1. Convention on the Limitation Period in the International
Sale of Goods, concluded at New York on 14 June 1974,
as amended by the Protocol of 11 April 1980**

25

State 1/	Method	Entry into force
Argentina	19 July 1983 a	1 August 1988
Belarus	23 January 1997	1 August 1997
Cuba	2 November 1994 a	1 June 1995
Czech Republic 2/	30 September 1993 d	1 January 1993
Egypt	6 December 1982 a	1 August 1988
Guinea	23 January 1991 a	1 August 1991
Hungary	16 June 1983 a	1 August 1988
Mexico	21 January 1988 a	1 August 1988
Moldova	28 August 1997	1 March 1998
Paraguay	18 August 2003 a	1 March 2004
Poland	19 May 1995	1 December 1995
Romania	23 April 1992	1 November 1992
Slovakia 2/	28 May 1993 d	1 January 1993
Slovenia	2 August 1995	1 March 1996
Uganda	12 February 1992	1 September 1992
United States of America 3/	5 May 1994	1 December 1994
Uruguay	1 April 1997	1 November 1997
Zambia	6 June 1986 a	1 August 1988

26 **Parties: 18**

27 */ In accordance with its article VIII (1), the Protocol is open for
accession by all States.

28 In accordance with article VIII (2) of the Protocol, accession to
the Protocol by any State which is not a Contracting Party to
the unamended Convention, shall have the effect of accession

to the amended Convention, subject to the provisions of article
XI of the Protocol.

In accordance with article X of the Protocol, ratification of or ac- 29
cession to the unamended Convention after the entry into force
of the Protocol shall also constitute a ratification of or accession
to the amended Convention if the State notifies the depositary
accordingly.

**/ For information on which States listed above are Parties to 30
the 1980 amending Protocol contact the Treaty Section, which
performs the functions of the depositary in respect of the Pro-
tocol (see paragraph 2 above).

1/ The German Democratic Republic was a participant by virtue 31
of its accession on 31 August 1989 to the Protocol of 11 April
1980.

2/ Czechoslovakia was a participant to the Convention and the 32
Protocol by virtue of its accession to the Protocol on 5 March
1990.

N.B. The text of the Convention, as amended, has been estab- 33
lished by the Secretary-General, as provided for by article XIV
of the Protocol.

Declarations and reservations 34

2/ 3/ Upon accession, Czechoslovakia and the United States 35
of America declared that, pursuant to article XII, they did not
consider themselves bound by article I.

36

2. [Unamended] Convention on the Limitation Period in the International Sale of Goods (New York, 1974)

37

State a/	Signature	Method	Entry into force
Argentina	-	9 October 1981 a/	1 August 1988
Belarus	14 June 1974	23 January 1997	1 August 1997
Bosnia and Herzegovina	-	12 January 1994 d/	6 March 1992
Brazil	14 June 1974	-	-
Bulgaria	24 February 1975	-	-
Burundi	-	4 September 1998 a/	1 April 1999
Costa Rica	30 August 1974	-	-
Cuba	-	2 November 1994 p/	1 June 1995
Czech Republic b/	-	30 September 1993 d/	1 January 1993
Dominican Republic	-	23 December 1977 a/	1 August 1988
Egypt	-	6 December 1982 p/	1 August 1988
Ghana	5 December 1974	7 October 1975	1 August 1988
Guinea	-	23 January 1991 a/	1 August 1991
Hungary	14 June 1974	16 June 1983	1 August 1988
Mexico	-	21 January 1988 a/	1 August 1988
Moldova	-	28 August 1997	1 March 1998
Mongolia	14 June 1974	-	-
Nicaragua	13 May 1975	-	-
Norway 1/	11 December 1975	20 March 1980	1 August 1988
Paraguay	-	18 August 2003 a	1 March 2004
Poland	14 June 1974	19 May 1995	1 December 1995
Romania	-	23 April 1992 a/	1 November 1992
Russian Federation c/	14 June 1974	-	-
Slovakia b/	-	28 May 1993 d/	1 January 1993
Slovenia	-	2 August 1995 p/	1 March 1996
Uganda	-	12 February 1992 a/	1 September 1992
Ukraine	14 June 1974	13 September 1993	1 April 1994

State a/	Signature	Method	Entry into force
United States of America	-	5 May 1994 a/	1 December 1994
Uruguay	-	1 April 1997	1 November 1997
Yugoslavia	-	12 March 2001 d/	27 April 1992 d/
Zambia	-	6 June 1986 p/	1 August 1988

38 **Parties: 25**

39 +/ The Convention was concluded in equally authentic Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish texts. On 11 August 1992, the Secretary-General, in accordance with a request of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law, circulated a proposal for the adoption of an authentic Arabic text of the Convention. No objections having been raised, the Arabic text was deemed adopted on 9 November 1992 with the same status as that of the other authentic texts referred to in the Convention.

40 **/ In accordance with article XI of the Protocol, the Contracting Parties to the amended Convention are considered to be also Contracting Parties to the unamended Convention in relation to any Contracting Party to the unamended Convention not yet a Contracting Party to the 1980 Protocol, unless the depositary is notified to the contrary.

41 a/ The Convention had been signed by the former German Democratic Republic on 14 June 1974, ratified by it on 31 August 1989 and entered into force on 1 March 1990.

42 b/ The Convention was signed by the former Czechoslovakia on 29 August 1975 and an instrument of ratification was deposited on 26 May 1977, with the Convention entering into force for the former Czechoslovakia on 1 August 1988. On 28 May 1993 Slovakia, and on 30 September 1993 the Czech Republic, deposited instruments of succession with effect from 1 January 1993, the date of succession of States.

c/ The Russian Federation continues, as from 24 December 1991, the membership of the former Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR) in the United Nations and maintains, as from that date, full responsibility for all the rights and obligations of the USSR under the Charter of the United Nations and multilateral treaties deposited with the Secretary-General. 43

d/ The former Yugoslavia had acceded to the Convention on 27 November 1978. Reference C.N.253.2001.TREATIES-1 (Depositary Notification) regarding Yugoslavia: Succession, states: "The Secretary-General of the United Nations, acting in his capacity as depositary, communicates the following: The above action was effected on 12 March 2001. The Convention became effective for Yugoslavia on 27 April 1992, the date of State succession." 44

Declarations and reservations 45

1/ Upon signature, Norway declared, and confirmed upon ratification, that in accordance with article 34 the Convention would not govern contracts of sale where the seller and the buyer both had their relevant places of business within the territories of the Nordic States (i.e. Norway, Denmark, Finland, Iceland and Sweden). 46

47

3. United Nations Convention on the Carriage of Goods by Sea, 1978 (Hamburg)

48

State	Signature	Method	Entry into force
Austria	30 April 1979	29 July 1993	1 August 1994
Barbados	-	2 February 1981 a	1 November 1992
Botswana	-	16 February 1988 a	1 November 1992
Brazil	31 March 1978	-	-
Burkina Faso	-	14 August 1989 a	1 November 1992
Burundi	-	4 September 1998 a	1 October 1999
Cameroon	-	21 October 1993 a	1 November 1994
Chile	31 March 1978	9 July 1982	1 November 1992
Czech Republic a/	-	2 June 1993 d	1 January 1993
Democratic Republic of the Congo	19 April 1979	-	-
Denmark	18 April 1979	-	-
Ecuador	31 March 1978	-	-
Egypt	31 March 1978	23 April 1979	1 November 1992
Finland	18 April 1979	-	-
France	18 April 1979	-	-
Gambia	-	7 February 1996 a	1 March 1997
Georgia	-	21 March 1996 a	1 April 1997
Germany	31 March 1978	-	-
Ghana	31 March 1978	-	-
Guinea	-	23 January 1991 a	1 November 1992
Holy See	31 March 1978	-	-
Hungary	23 April 1979	5 July 1984	1 November 1992
Jordan	-	10 May 2001 a	1 June 2002
Kenya	-	31 July 1989 a	1 November 1992
Lebanon	-	4 April 1983 a	1 November 1992
Lesotho	-	26 October 1989 a	1 November 1992
Madagascar	31 March 1978	-	-
Malawi	-	18 March 1991 a	1 November 1992

State	Signature	Method	Entry into force
Mexico	31 March 1978	-	-
Morocco	-	12 June 1981 a	1 November 1992
Nigeria	-	7 November 1988 a	1 November 1992
Norway	18 April 1979	-	-
Pakistan	8 March 1979	-	-
Panama	31 March 1978	-	-
Philippines	14 June 1978	-	-
Portugal	31 March 1978	-	-
Romania	-	7 January 1982 a	1 November 1992
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	-	12 September 2000 a	1 October 2001
Senegal	31 March 1978	17 March 1986	1 November 1992
Sierra Leone	15 August 1978	7 October 1988	1 November 1992
Singapore	31 March 1978	-	-
Slovakia a/	-	28 May 1993 d	1 January 1993
Sweden	18 April 1979	-	-
Syrian Arab Republic	-	16 October 2002 a	17 October 2003
Tunisia	-	15 September 1980 a	1 November 1992
Uganda	-	6 July 1979 a	1 November 1992
United Republic of Tanzania	-	24 July 1979 a	1 November 1992
United States of America	30 April 1979	-	-
Venezuela	31 March 1978	-	-
Zambia	-	7 October 1991 a	1 November 1992

in footnote 1/, that had been made by the former Czechoslovakia.

Declarations and reservations

1/ Upon signing the Convention, the former Czechoslovakia declared in accordance with article 26 the formula for converting the amounts of liability referred to in paragraph 2 of that article into the Czechoslovak currency and the amount of the limits of liability to be applied in the territory of Czechoslovakia as expressed in the Czechoslovak currency.

49 Parties: 29

50 a/ The Convention was signed by the former Czechoslovakia on 6 March 1979. 1/ On 28 May 1993, Slovakia and on 2 June 1993, the Czech Republic deposited their instruments of succession to the signature and the Czech Republic deposited its instrument of ratification on 23 June 1995. The Czech Republic, upon ratification, withdrew the declaration, referred to

53

4. United Nations Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods (Vienna, 1980)

54

State	Signature	Method	Entry into force
Argentina 1/	-	19 July 1983 a/	1 January 1988
Australia	-	17 March 1988 a/	1 April 1989
Austria	11 April 1980	29 December 1987	1 January 1989
Belarus 1/	-	9 October 1989 a/	1 November 1990
Belgium	-	31 October 1996 a/	1 November 1997
Bosnia and Herzegovina	-	12 January 1994 d/	6 March 1992
Bulgaria	-	9 July 1990 a/	1 August 1991
Burundi	-	4 September 1998 a/	1 October 1999
Canada 2/	-	23 April 1991 a/	1 May 1992
Chile 1/	11 April 1980	7 February 1990	1 March 1991
China 3/	30 September 1981	11 December 1986 AA/	1 January 1988
Colombia	-	10 July 2001 a/	1 August 2002
Croatia 8/	-	8 June 1998 d/	8 October 1991
Cuba	-	2 November 1994 a/	1 December 1995
Cyprus	-	7 March 2005 a	1 April 2006
Czech Republic a/ 7/	-	30 September 1993 d/	1 January 1993
Denmark 4/	26 May 1981	14 February 1989	1 March 1990
Ecuador	-	27 January 1992 a/	1 February 1993
Egypt	-	6 December 1982 a/	1 January 1988
Estonia 1/	-	20 September 1993 a/	1 October 1994
Finland 4/	26 May 1981	15 December 1987	1 January 1989
France	27 August 1981	6 August 1982 AA/	1 January 1988
Gabon	-	15 December 2004 a	1 January 2006
Georgia	-	16 August 1994 a/	1 September 1995
Germany b/ 5/	26 May 1981	21 December 1989	1 January 1991
Ghana	11 April 1980	-	-

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State	Signature	Method	Entry into force
Greece	-	12 January 1998 a/	1 February 1999
Guinea	-	23 January 1991 a/	1 February 1992
Honduras	-	10 October 2002 a/	1 November 2003
Hungary 1/ 6/	22 April 1980	16 June 1983	1 January 1988
Iceland	-	10 May 2001 a/	1 June 2002
Iraq	-	5 March 1990 a/	1 April 1991
Israel	-	22 January 2002 a/	1 February 2003
Italy	30 September 1981	11 December 1986	1 January 1988
Kyrgyzstan	-	11 May 1999 a/	1 June 2000
Latvia 1/	-	31 July 1997 a/	1 August 1998
Lesotho	18 June 1981	18 June 1981	1 January 1988
Lithuania 1/	-	18 January 1995 a/	1 February 1996
Luxembourg	-	30 January 1997 a/	1 February 1998
Mauritania	-	20 August 1999 a/	1 September 2000
Mexico	-	29 December 1987 a/	1 January 1989
Moldova	-	13 October 1994 a/	1 November 1995
Mongolia	-	31 December 1997 a/	1 January 1999
Netherlands	29 May 1981	13 December 1990 A/	1 January 1992
New Zealand	-	22 September 1994 a/	1 October 1995
Norway 4/	26 May 1981	20 July 1988	1 August 1989
Peru	-	25 March 1999 a/	1 April 2000
Poland	28 September 1981	19 May 1995	1 June 1996
Republic of Korea	-	17 February 2004 a	1 March 2005
Romania	-	22 May 1991 a/	1 June 1992
Russian Federation c/ 1/	-	16 August 1990 a/	1 September 1991
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines 7/	-	12 September 2001 a/	1 October 2001
Singapore 7/	11 April 1980	16 February 1995	1 March 1996
Slovakia a/ 7/	-	28 May 1993 d/	1 January 1993
Slovenia	-	7 January 1994 d/	25 June 1991
Spain	-	24 July 1990 a/	1 August 1991
Sweden 4/	26 May 1981	15 December 1987	1 January 1989

State	Signature	Method	Entry into force
Switzerland	-	21 February 1990 a/	1 March 1991
Syrian Arab Republic	-	19 October 1982 a/	1 January 1988
Uganda	-	12 February 1992 a/	1 March 1993
Ukraine 1/	-	3 January 1990 a/	1 February 1991
United States of America 7/	31 August 1981	11 December 1986	1 January 1988
Uruguay	-	25 January 1999 a/	1 February 2000
Uzbekistan	-	27 November 1996 a/	1 December 1997
Venezuela	28 September 1981	-	-
Yugoslavia d/	-	12 March 2001 d/	27 April 1992 d/
Zambia	-	6 June 1986 a/	1 January 1988

Parties: 65

a/ The Convention was signed by the former Czechoslovakia on 1 September 1981 and an instrument of ratification was deposited on 5 March 1990, with the Convention entering into force for the former Czechoslovakia on 1 April 1991. 7/ On 28 May 1993 Slovakia, and on 30 September 1993 the Czech Republic, deposited instruments of succession, with effect from 1 January 1993, the date of succession of States.

b/ The Convention was signed by the former German Democratic Republic on 13 August 1981, ratified on 23 February 1989 and entered into force on 1 March 1990.

c/ The Russian Federation continues, as from 24 December 1991, the membership of the former Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR) in the United Nations and maintains, as from that date, full responsibility for all the rights and obligations of the USSR under the Charter of the United Nations and multilateral treaties deposited with the Secretary-General.

d/ The former Yugoslavia had signed and ratified the Con-

vention on 11 April 1980 and 27 March 1985, respectively. Reference C.N.254.2001.TREATIES-1 (Depositary Notification) regarding Yugoslavia: Succession, states: "The Secretary-General of the United Nations, acting in his capacity as a depositary, communicates the following: The above action was effected on 12 March 2001. The Convention became effective for Yugoslavia on 27 April 1992, the date of State succession."

Declarations and reservations

1/ Upon ratifying, or acceding to, the Convention, Argentina, Belarus, Chile, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Ukraine and USSR declared, in accordance with articles 12 and 96 of the Convention, that any provision of article 11, article 29 or Part II of the Convention that allows a contract of sale or its modification or termination by agreement or any offer, acceptance or other indication of intention to be made in any form other than in writing, would not apply where any party had his place of business in their respective States.

2/ Upon accession, Canada declared that, in accordance with article 93 of the Convention, the Convention will extend to Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba, New Brunswick, Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, Ontario, Prince Edward Island and the Northwest Territories. (Upon accession, Canada declared that, in accordance with article 95 of the Convention, with respect to British Columbia, it will not be bound by article 1(1)(b) of the Convention. In a notification received on 31 July 1992, Canada withdrew that declaration.) In a declaration received on 9 April 1992, Canada extended the application of the Convention to Quebec and Saskatchewan. In a notification received on 29 June 1992, Canada extended the application of the Convention to Yukon Territory. In a notification received on 18 June 2003, Canada extended the application of the Conven-

tion to the Territory of Nunavut.

63 3/ Upon approving the Convention, the People's Republic of China declared that it did not consider itself bound by subparagraph (b) of paragraph (1) of article 1 and article 11 as well as the provisions in the Convention relating to the content of article 11.

64 4/ Upon ratifying the Convention, Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden declared in accordance with article 92(1) that they would not be bound by Part II of the Convention (Formation of the Contract). Upon ratifying the Convention, Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden declared, pursuant to article 94(1) and 94(2), that the Convention would not apply to contracts of sale where the parties have their places of business in Denmark, Finland, Sweden, Iceland or Norway.

65 5/ Upon ratifying the Convention, Germany declared that it would not apply article 1(1)(b) in respect of any State that had made a declaration that that State would not apply article 1(1)(b).

66 6/ Upon ratifying the Convention, Hungary declared that it considered the General Conditions of Delivery of Goods between Organizations of the Member Countries of the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance to be subject to the provisions of article 90 of the Convention.

67 7/ Upon ratifying the Convention, Czechoslovakia, Singapore and the United States of America declared that they would not be bound by paragraph (1)(b) of article 1.

68 8/ Upon succeeding to the Convention, the Republic of Croatia has decided, on the basis of the Constitutional Decision on Sovereignty and Independence of the Republic of Croatia of 25 June 1991, and the Decision of the Croatian Parliament of 8 October 1991, and by virtue of succession of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in respect of the territory of the Repub-

lic of Croatia, to be considered a party to the Convention with effect as from 8 October 1991, the date on which the Republic of Croatia severed all constitutional and legal connections with the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and took over its international obligations.

69 **5. United Nations Convention on International Bills of Exchange and International Promissory Notes (New York, 1988)**

70

State	Signature	Method	Entry into force
Canada	7 December 1989	-	-
Gabon	-	15 December 2004 a	-
Guinea	-	23 January 1991 a	-
Honduras	-	8 August 2001 a	-
Mexico	-	11 September 1992 a	-
Russian Federation a/	30 June 1990	-	-
United States of America	29 June 1990	-	-

71 **Signatures only: 3; ratifications and accessions: 4**

72 (10 ACTIONS ARE REQUIRED FOR ENTRY INTO FORCE)

73 a/ The Russian Federation continues, as from 24 December 1991, the membership of the former Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR) in the United Nations and maintains, as from that date, full responsibility for all the rights and obligations of the USSR under the Charter of the United Nations and multilateral treaties deposited with the Secretary-General.

6. United Nations Convention on the Liability of Operators of Transport Terminals in International Trade (Vienna, 1991)

74

75

State	Signature	Method	Entry into force
Egypt	-	6 April 1999 a	-
France	15 October 1991	-	-
Gabon	-	15 December 2004	-
Georgia	-	21 March 1996 a	-
Mexico	19 April 1991	-	-
Philippines	19 April 1991	-	-
Spain	19 April 1991	-	-
United States of America	30 April 1992	-	-

Signatures only: 5; ratifications and accessions: 3

76

(5 ACTIONS ARE REQUIRED FOR ENTRY INTO FORCE)

77

78 **7. United Nations Convention on Independent Guarantees and Stand-by Letters of Credit (New York, 1995)**

79

State	Signature	Method	Entry into force
Belarus	3 December 1996	23 January 2002	1 July 2002
Ecuador	-	18 June 1997 a	1 January 2000
El Salvador	5 September 1997	31 July 1998	1 January 2000
Kuwait	-	28 October 1998 a	1 January 2000
Panama	9 July 1997	21 May 1998	1 January 2000
Tunisia	-	8 December 1998 a	1 January 2000
United States of America	11 December 1997	-	-

8. United Nations Convention on the Assignment of Receivables in International Trade (New York 2001)

81

82

State	Signature	Method	Entry into Force
Luxembourg	12 June 2002	-	-
Madagascar	24 September 2003	-	-
United States of America	30 December 2003	-	-

(5 ACTIONS ARE REQUIRED FOR ENTRY INTO FORCE) 83

80 **Parties: 6**

84

9. United Nations Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards (New York, 1958)

85

State	Signature	Method	Entry into Force
Afghanistan (a),(b)	-	30 November 2004 (c)	28 February 2005
Albania	-	27 June 2001 (c)	25 September 2001
Algeria (a),(b)	-	7 February 1989 (c)	8 May 1989
Antigua and Barbuda (a),(b)	-	2 February 1989 (c)	3 May 1989
Argentina (a),(b)(d)	26 August 1958	14 March 1989	12 June 1989
Armenia (a),(b)	-	29 December 1997 (c)	29 March 1998
Australia	-	26 March 1975 (c)	24 June 1975
Austria	-	2 May 1961 (c)	31 July 1961
Azerbaijan	-	29 February 2000 (c)	29 May 2000
Bahamas	-	20 December 2006 (c)	20 March 2007
Bahrain (a),(b)	-	6 April 1988 (c)	5 July 1988
Bangladesh	-	6 May 1992 (c)	4 August 1992
Barbados (a),(b)	-	16 March 1993 (c)	14 June 1993
Belarus (e)	29 December 1958	15 November 1960	13 February 1961
Belgium (a)	10 June 1958	18 August 1975	16 November 1975
Benin	-	16 May 1974 (c)	14 August 1974
Bolivia	-	28 April 1995 (c)	27 July 1995
Bosnia and Herzegovina (a),(b),(f),(g)	-	1 September 1993 (h)	6 March 1992
Botswana (a),(b)	-	20 December 1971 (c)	19 March 1972
Brazil	-	7 June 2002 (c)	5 September 2002
Brunei Darussalam 1/	-	25 July 1996 (c)	23 October 1996
Bulgaria (a),(e)	17 December 1958	10 October 1961	8 January 1962
Burkina Faso	-	23 March 1987 (c)	21 June 1987
Cambodia	-	5 January 1960 (c)	4 April 1960

Status of UNCITRAL Conventions and Model Laws

State	Signature	Method	Entry into Force
Cameroon	-	19 February 1988 (c)	19 May 1988
Canada (l)	-	12 May 1986 (c)	10 August 1986
Central African Republic (a),(b)	-	15 October 1962 (c)	13 January 1963
Chile	-	4 September 1975 (c)	3 December 1975
China (a),(b),(o)	-	22 January 1987 (c)	22 April 1987
Colombia	-	25 September 1979 (c)	24 December 1979
Costa Rica	10 June 1958	26 October 1987	24 January 1988
Côte d'Ivoire	-	1 February 1991 (c)	2 May 1991
Croatia (a),(b),(f),(g)	-	26 July 1993 (h)	8 October 1991
Cuba (a),(b),(e)	-	30 December 1974 (c)	30 March 1975
Cyprus (a),(b)	-	29 December 1980 (c)	29 March 1981
Czech Republic (f),(j)	-	30 September 1993 (h)	1 January 1993
Denmark (a),(b)	-	22 December 1972 (c)	22 March 1973
Djibouti (f)	-	14 June 1983 (h)	27 June 1977
Dominica	-	28 October 1988 (c)	26 January 1989
Dominican Republic	-	11 April 2002 (c)	10 July 2002
Ecuador (a),(b)	17 December 1958	3 January 1962	3 April 1962
Egypt	-	9 March 1959 (c)	7 June 1959
El Salvador	10 June 1958	26 February 1998	27 May 1998
Estonia	-	30 August 1993 (c)	28 November 1993
Finland	29 December 1958	19 January 1962	19 April 1962
France (a)	25 November 1958	26 June 1959	24 September 1959
Gabon	-	15 December 2006 (c)	15 March 2007
Georgia	-	2 June 1994 (c)	31 August 1994
Germany (a),(k),(l)	10 June 1958	30 June 1961	28 September 1961
Ghana	-	9 April 1968 (c)	8 July 1968
Greece (a),(b)	-	16 July 1962 (c)	14 October 1962
Guatemala (a),(b)	-	21 March 1984 (c)	19 June 1984
Guinea	-	23 January 1991 (c)	23 April 1991

Status of UNCITRAL Conventions and Model Laws

State	Signature	Method	Entry into Force
Haiti	-	5 December 1983 (c)	4 March 1984
Holy See (a),(b)	-	14 May 1975 (c)	12 August 1975
Honduras	-	3 October 2000 (c)	1 January 2001
Hungary (a),(b)	-	5 March 1962 (c)	3 June 1962
Iceland	-	24 January 2002 (c)	24 April 2002
India (a),(b)	10 June 1958	13 July 1960	11 October 1960
Indonesia (a),(b)	-	7 October 1981 (c)	5 January 1982
Iran (Islamic Rep. of) (a),(b)	-	15 October 2001 (c)	13 January 2002
Ireland (a)	-	12 May 1981 (c)	10 August 1981
Israel	10 June 1958	5 January 1959	7 June 1959
Italy	-	31 January 1969 (c)	1 May 1969
Jamaica (a),(b)	-	10 July 2002 (c)	8 October 2002
Japan (a)	-	20 June 1961 (c)	18 September 1961
Jordan	10 June 1958	15 November 1979	13 February 1980
Kazakhstan	-	20 November 1995 (c)	18 February 1996
Kenya (a)	-	10 February 1989 (c)	11 May 1989
Kuwait (a)	-	28 April 1978 (c)	27 July 1978
Kyrgyzstan	-	18 December 1996 (c)	18 March 1997
Lao People's Democratic Republic	-	17 June 1998 (c)	15 September 1998
Latvia	-	14 April 1992 (c)	13 July 1992
Lebanon (a)	-	11 August 1998 (c)	9 November 1998
Lesotho	-	13 June 1989 (c)	11 September 1989
Liberia	-	16 September 2005 (c)	15 December 2005
Lithuania (e)	-	14 March 1995 (c)	12 June 1995
Luxembourg (a)	11 November 1958	9 September 1983	8 December 1983
Madagascar (a),(b)	-	16 July 1962 (c)	14 October 1962
Malaysia (a),(b)	-	5 November 1985 (c)	3 February 1986
Mali	-	8 September 1994 (c)	7 December 1994

Status of UNCITRAL Conventions and Model Laws

State	Signature	Method	Entry into Force
Malta (a),(m)	-	22 June 2000 (c)	20 September 2000
Marshall Islands	-	21 December 2006 (c)	21 March 2007
Mauritania	-	30 January 1997 (c)	30 April 1997
Mauritius (a)	-	19 June 1996 (c)	17 September 1996
Moldova (a),(g)	-	18 September 1998	17 December 1998
Mexico	-	14 April 1971 (c)	13 July 1971
Monaco (a),(b)	31 December 1958	2 June 1982	31 August 1982
Mongolia (a),(b)	-	24 October 1994 (c)	22 January 1995
Montenegro (a), (b), (g)	-	23 October 2006 (h)	3 June 2006
Morocco (a)	-	12 February 1959 (c)	7 June 1959
Mozambique (a)	-	11 June 1998 (c)	9 September 1998
Nepal (a),(b)	-	4 March 1998 (c)	2 June 1998
Netherlands (a)	10 June 1958	24 April 1964	23 July 1964
New Zealand (a)	-	6 January 1983 (c)	6 April 1983
Nicaragua	-	24 September 2003 (c)	23 December 2003
Niger	-	14 October 1964 (c)	12 January 1965
Nigeria (a),(b)	-	17 March 1970 (c)	15 June 1970
Norway (a),(n)	-	14 March 1961 (c)	12 June 1961
Oman	-	25 February 1999 (c)	26 May 1999
Pakistan (a)	30 December 1958	14 July 2005	12 October 2005
Panama	-	10 October 1984 (c)	8 January 1985
Paraguay	-	8 October 1997 (c)	6 January 1998
Peru	-	7 July 1988 (c)	5 October 1988
Philippines (a),(b)	10 June 1958	6 July 1967	4 October 1967
Poland (a),(b)	10 June 1958	3 October 1961	1 January 1962
Portugal (a),(o)	-	18 October 1994 (c)	16 January 1995
Qatar	-	30 December 2002 (c)	30 March 2003
Republic of Korea (a),(b)	-	8 February 1973 (c)	9 May 1973
Romania (a),(b),(e)	-	13 September 1961 (c)	12 December 1961
Russian Federation (e),(p)	29 December 1958	24 August 1960	22 November 1960

Status of UNCITRAL Conventions and Model Laws

State	Signature	Method	Entry into Force
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines (a),(b)	-	12 September 2000 (c)	11 December 2000
San Marino	-	17 May 1979 (c)	15 August 1979
Saudi Arabia	-	19 April 1994 (c)	18 July 1994
Senegal	-	17 October 1994 (c)	15 January 1995
Singapore (a)	-	21 August 1986 (c)	19 November 1986
Slovakia (f),(j)	-	28 May 1993 (h)	1 January 1993
Slovenia (a),(b),(f),(g)	-	1 July 1992 (h)	25 June 1991
South Africa	-	3 May 1976 (c)	1 August 1976
Spain	-	12 May 1977 (c)	10 August 1977
Sri Lanka	30 December 1958	9 April 1962	8 July 1962
Sweden	23 December 1958	28 January 1972	27 April 1972
Switzerland (r)	29 December 1958	1 June 1965	30 August 1965
Syrian Arab Republic	-	9 March 1959 (c)	7 June 1959
Thailand	-	21 December 1959 (c)	20 March 1960
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (a),(b),(f),(g)	-	10 March 1994 (h)	17 September 1991
Trinidad and Tobago (a),(b)	-	14 February 1966 (c)	15 May 1966
Tunisia (a),(b)	-	17 July 1967 (c)	15 October 1967
Turkey (a),(b)	-	2 July 1992 (c)	30 September 1992
Uganda (a)	-	12 February 1992 (c)	12 May 1992
Ukraine (e)	29 December 1958	10 October 1960	8 January 1961
United Arab Emirates	-	21 August 2006 (c)	19 November 2006
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (a)	-	24 September 1975 (c)	23 December 1975
United Republic of Tanzania (a)	-	13 October 1964 (c)	12 January 1965
United States of America (a),(b)	-	30 September 1970 (c)	29 December 1970
Uruguay	-	30 March 1983 (c)	28 June 1983
Uzbekistan	-	7 February 1996 (c)	7 May 1996
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) (a),(b)	-	8 February 1995 (c)	9 May 1995

State	Signature	Method	Entry into Force
Vietnam (a),(b),(e),(s)	-	12 September 1995 (c)	11 December 1995
% Yugoslavia 13/	% -	% 12 March 2001 e	% 27 April 1992 d/
Zambia	-	14 March 2002 (c)	12 June 2002
Zimbabwe	-	29 September 1994 (c)	28 December 1994

86 **Parties: 141**

87 (a) Declarations and reservations (excludes territorial declarations and certain other reservations and declarations of a political nature). This State will apply the Convention only to recognition and enforcement of awards made in the territory of another contracting State.

88 (b) Declarations and reservations (excludes territorial declarations and certain other reservations and declarations of a political nature). This State will apply the Convention only to differences arising out of legal relationships, whether contractual or not, that are considered commercial under the national law.

89 (c) Accession.

90 (d) Declarations and reservations (excludes territorial declarations and certain other reservations and declarations of a political nature). Argentina declared that the Convention should be construed in accordance with the principles and rules of the National Constitution in force or with those resulting from reforms mandated by the Constitution.

91 (e) Declarations and reservations (excludes territorial declarations and certain other reservations and declarations of a political nature). With regard to awards made in the territory of non-contracting States, this State will apply the Convention only to the extent to which those States grant reciprocal treatment.

(f) The date of effect of the succession is as follows: for Bosnia and Herzegovina, 6 March 1992; for Croatia, 8 October 1991; for the Czech Republic, 1 January 1993; for Djibouti, 27 June 1977; for Slovakia, 1 January 1993; for Slovenia, 25 June 1991; and for the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, 17 September 1991. 92

(g) Declarations and reservations (excludes territorial declarations and certain other reservations and declarations of a political nature). This State will apply the Convention only to those arbitral awards which were adopted after the entry into effect of the Convention. 93

(h) Succession. 94

(i) Declarations and reservations (excludes territorial declarations and certain other reservations and declarations of a political nature). Canada declared that it would apply the Convention only to differences arising out of legal relationships, whether contractual or not, that were considered commercial under the laws of Canada, except in the case of the Province of Quebec where the law did not provide for such limitation. 95

(j) The former Czechoslovakia signed the Convention on 3 October 1958 and deposited an instrument of ratification on 10 July 1959. On 28 May and 30 September 1993, respectively, Slovakia and the Czech Republic deposited instruments of succession. 96

(k) The former German Democratic Republic acceded to the Convention on 20 February 1975 with the reservations mentioned in footnotes (a), (b), (e). 97

(l) On 31 August 1998, Germany withdrew the reservation made upon ratification mentioned in footnote (a). 98

(m) The Convention only applies with regard to Malta with respect to arbitration agreements concluded after the date of Malta's accession to the Convention. 99

100 (n) Declarations and reservations (excludes territorial declarations and certain other reservations and declarations of a political nature). This State will not apply the Convention to differences where the subject matter of the proceedings is immovable property situated in the State, or a right in or to such property.

101 (o) Upon resumption of sovereignty over Hong Kong on 1 July 1997, the Government of China extended the territorial application of the Convention to Hong Kong, Special Administrative Region of China, subject to the statement originally made by China upon accession to the Convention. On 19 July 2005, China declared that the Convention shall apply to the Macao Special Administrative Region of China, subject to the statement originally made by China upon accession to the Convention.

102 (p) The Russian Federation continues, as from 24 December 1991, the membership of the former Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR) in the United Nations and maintains, as from that date, full responsibility for all the rights and obligations of the USSR under the Charter of the United Nations and the multilateral treaties deposited with the Secretary-General.

103 (q) The former Yugoslavia acceded to the Convention on 26 February 1982. On 12 March 2001, the Secretary-General received from the Government of Yugoslavia a notification of succession, confirming the declaration dated 28 June 1982 by the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (see footnotes (a), (b) and (g) above).

104 (r) Declarations and reservations (excludes territorial declarations and certain other reservations and declarations of a political nature). On 23 April 1993, Switzerland notified the Secretary-General of its decision to withdraw the reciprocity declaration it had made upon ratification.

105 (s) Viet Nam declared that interpretation of the Convention be-

fore the Vietnamese Courts or competent authorities should be made in accordance with the Constitution and the law of Viet Nam.

See UNCITRAL source document }<http://www.uncitral.org/uncitral/en/uncitra>
2

Declarations and reservations

(Excludes territorial declarations and certain other reservations and declarations of a political nature)

1/ State will apply the Convention only to recognition and enforcement of awards made in the territory of another Contracting State.

2/ State will apply the Convention only to differences arising out of legal relationships whether contractual or not which are considered as commercial under the national law.

3/ With regard to awards made in the territory of non-contracting States, State will apply the Convention only to the extent to which these States grant reciprocal treatment.

4/ Canada declared that it will apply the Convention only to differences arising out of legal relationships, whether contractual or not, which are considered as commercial under the laws of Canada, except in the case of the Province of Quebec where the law does not provide for such limitation.

2

This page is updated whenever the UNCITRAL Secretariat is informed of changes in status of the Convention.

Readers are also advised to consult the United Nations Treaty Collection for authoritative status information on UNCITRAL Conventions deposited with the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

The UNCITRAL Secretariat also prepares yearly a document containing the Status of Conventions and Enactments of UNCITRAL Model Laws, which is available on the web page of the corresponding UNCITRAL Commission session

113 5/ State will not apply the Convention to differences where the
subject matter of the proceedings is immovable property situ-
ated in the State, or a right in or to such property.

114 6/ State will apply the Convention only to those arbitral awards
which were adopted after the coming of the Convention into
effect.

115 7/ Argentina declared that the present Convention should be
construed in accordance with the principles and rules of the Na-
tional Constitution in force or with those resulting from reforms
mandated by the Constitution.

116 8/ On 23 April 1993, Switzerland notified the Secretary-General
of its decision to withdraw the reciprocity declaration it had
made upon ratification.

117 9/ Viet Nam declared that interpretation of the Convention be-
fore the Vietnamese Courts or competent Authorities should be
made in accordance with the Constitution and the law of Viet
Nam.

118 10/ The date of effect of the succession is as follows: for Bosnia
and Herzegovina, 6 March 1992; for Croatia, 8 October 1991;
for Czech Republic, 1 January 1993; for Djibouti, 27 June 1977;
for Slovakia, 1 January 1993; for Slovenia, 25 June 1991; and
for The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, 17 September
1991.

119 11/ On 31 August 1998, Germany withdrew the reservation
made upon ratification mentioned in footnote 1.

120 12/ The Convention only applies in regard to Malta with respect
to arbitration agreements concluded after the date of Malta's
accession to the Convention.

121 13/ Reference C.N.290.2001.TREATIES-2 (Depositary No-
tification) regarding Yugoslavia: Succession, states: "The
Secretary-General of the United Nations, acting in his capac-
ity as depositary, communicates the following: The above

action was effected on 12 March 2001, with confirmation
of the reservations made by the Socialist Federal Republic
of Yugoslavia upon accession to the above Convention,
which read as follows: Reservations (Original: English) "1.
The Convention is applied in regard to the Socialist Federal
Republic of Yugoslavia only to those arbitral awards which
were adopted after the coming of the Convention into effect.
2. The Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia will apply
the Convention on a reciprocal basis only to those arbitral
awards which were adopted on the territory of the other State
Party to the Convention. 3. The Socialist Federal Republic
of Yugoslavia will apply the Convention [only] with respect
to disputes arising from the legal relations, contractual and
non-contractual, which, according to its national legislation are
considered as economic." The Convention became effective
for Yugoslavia on 27 April 1992, the date of State succession."
(see e/ above)

122 **II. Enactments of UNCITRAL Model Laws**

123 **10. UNCITRAL Model Law on International Commercial
Arbitration (1985)**

124 Legislation based on the UNCITRAL Model Law on Interna-
tional Commercial Arbitration has been enacted in:

125

Australia
Azerbaijan
Bahrain
Belarus
Bermuda
Bulgaria
Canada
Croatia
Cyprus
Egypt
Germany
Greece
Guatemala
Hong Kong Special Administrative Region
Hungary
India
Iran (Islamic Republic of)
Ireland
Jordan
Kenya
Lithuania
Macau Special Administrative Region of China
Madagascar
Malta
Mexico
New Zealand

Nigeria

Oman

Paraguay

Peru

Republic of Korea

Russian Federation

Singapore

Sri Lanka

Tunisia

Ukraine

within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Scotland

within the United States of America: California, Connecticut, Illinois, Oregon and Texas

Zambia

Zimbabwe

11. UNCITRAL Model Law on International Credit Transfers (1992)

126

A directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union based on the principles of the UNCITRAL Model Law on International Credit Transfers was issued on 27 January 1997.

127

128	12. UNCITRAL Model Law on Procurement of Goods, Construction and Services (1994)	13. UNCITRAL Model Law on Electronic Commerce (1996)	148
129	Legislation based on the UNCITRAL Model Law on Procurement of Goods, Construction and Services have been adopted in:	Legislation based on the UNCITRAL Model Law on Electronic Commerce has been enacted in:	149
130	Albania	Australia (1999)	150
131	Azerbaijan	Bermuda (1999)	
132	Croatia	Colombia (1999)	
133	Estonia	Ecuador (2002)	
134	Kazakhstan	France (2000)	
135	Kenya	India* (2000)	
136	Kyrgyzstan	Ireland (2000)	
137	Malawi	Jordan (2001)	
138	Mauritius	Mauritius (2000)	
139	Moldova	Mexico (2000)	
140	Mongolia	New Zealand (2002)	
141	Poland	Pakistan (2002)	
142	Romania	Philippines (2000)	
143	Slovakia	Republic of Korea (1999)	
144	Tanzania	Singapore (1998)	
145	The Gambia	Slovenia (2000)	
146	Uganda	South Africa* (2002)	
147	Uzbekistan	Thailand (2002)	
		Venezuela (2001)	
		The Model Law has also been adopted in the Bailiwick of Guernsey (2000), the Bailiwick of Jersey (2000) and the Isle of Man (2000), all Crown Dependencies of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland; in Bermuda (1999), Cayman Islands (2000), and the Turks and Caicos Islands (2000), overseas territories of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland; and in the Hong Kong Special	151

Administrative Region of China (2000).

152 Uniform legislation influenced by the Model Law and the principles on which it is based has been prepared in the United States (Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, adopted in 1999 by the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Law) and enacted by the States of Alabama (2001), Arizona (2000), Arkansas (2001), California (1999), Colorado (2002), Connecticut (2002), Delaware (2000), Florida (2000), Hawaii (2000), Idaho (2000), Indiana (2000), Iowa (2000), Kansas (2000), Kentucky (2000), Louisiana (2001), Maine (2000), Maryland (2000), Michigan (2000), Minnesota (2000), Mississippi (2001), Missouri (2003), Montana (2001), Nebraska (2000), Nevada (2001), New Hampshire (2001), New Jersey (2000), New Mexico (2001), North Carolina (2000), North Dakota (2001), Ohio (2000), Oklahoma (2000), Oregon (2001), Pennsylvania (1999), Rhode Island (2000), South Dakota (2000), Tennessee (2001), Texas (2001), Utah (2000), Vermont (2003), Virginia (2000), West Virginia (2001), Wyoming (2001) and the District of Columbia (2001). The State of Illinois had already enacted the Model Law in 1998.

153 Uniform legislation influenced by the Model Law and the principles on which it is based has also been prepared in Canada (Uniform Electronic Commerce Act, adopted in 1999 by the Uniform Law Conference of Canada) and enacted in a number of Provinces and Territories, including British Columbia (2001), Manitoba (2000), New Brunswick (2001), Newfoundland and Labrador (2001), Nova Scotia (2000), Ontario (2001), Prince Edward Island (2001), Saskatchewan (2000) and Yukon (2000). Legislation influenced by the Model Law and the principles on which it is based has also been adopted in the Province of Quebec (2001).

154 * Except for the provisions on certification and electronic signatures.

14. UNCITRAL Model Law on Cross-Border Insolvency (1997) adopted by UNCITRAL at its 30 th session

155

Legislation based on the UNCITRAL Model Law on Cross-Border Insolvency has been enacted in:

156

157

Eritrea

Japan (2000)

Mexico (2000)

Romania (2003)

South Africa (2000)

and within Yugoslavia, Montenegro (2002)

158 **15. UNCITRAL Model Law on Electronic Signatures
(2001)**

159 Legislation based on the UNCITRAL Model Law on Cross-
160 Border Insolvency has been enacted in:

Thailand

161 **III. Chronological Table of Actions in Respect of
UNCITRAL Conventions**

162 **1. Convention on the Limitation Period in the International
Sale of Goods, concluded at New York on 14 June 1974,
as amended by the Protocol of 11 April 1980**

163

Egypt	6 December 1982	-
Hungary	16 June 1983	-
Argentina	19 July 1983	-
Zambia	6 June 1986	-
Mexico	21 January 1988	-
Guinea	23 January 1991	-
Uganda	12 February 1992	-
Romania	23 April 1992	-
Slovakia **/	28 May 1993	-
Czech Republic **/	30 September 1993	-
United States of America	5 May 1994	-
Cuba	2 November 1994	-
Poland	19 May 1995	-
Slovenia	2 August 1995	-
Belarus	23 January 1997	-
Uruguay	1 April 1997	-
Republic of Moldova	28 August 1997	-

Paraguay 18 August 2003 -

164 a/ The former German Democratic Republic acceded to this Protocol on 31 August 1989.

165 **/ Succession: the former Czechoslovakia acceded to this Protocol on 5 March 1990.

166 **2. [Unamended] Convention on the Limitation Period in the International Sale of Goods (New York, 1974)**

167

Ghana	7 October 1975	-
Dominican Republic	23 December 1977	-
Norway	20 March 1980	-
Argentina	9 October 1981	-
Egypt	6 December 1982	-
Hungary	16 June 1983	-
Zambia	6 June 1986	-
Mexico	21 January 1988	-
Guinea	23 January 1991	-
Uganda	12 February 1992	-
Romania	23 April 1992	-
Slovakia */	28 May 1993	-
Ukraine	13 September 1993	-
Czech Republic */	30 September 1993	-
Bosnia and Herzegovina **/	12 January 1994	-
United States of America	5 May 1994	-
Cuba	2 November 1994	-
Poland	19 May 1995	-
Slovenia	2 August 1995	-
Belarus	23 January 1997	-

Uruguay	1 April 1997	-
Moldova	28 August 1997	-
Burundi	4 September 1998	-
Yugoslavia **/	12 March 2001	-

168 a/ The former German Democratic Republic ratified this Convention on 31 August 1989.

169 */ Succession; the former Czechoslovakia ratified this Convention on 26 May 1977.

170 **/ Succession; Yugoslavia ratified this Convention on 27 November 1978.

171 **3. United Nations Convention on the Carriage of Goods by Sea, 1978 (Hamburg)**

172

Egypt	23 April 1979	-
Uganda	6 July 1979	-
United Republic of Tanzania	24 July 1979	-
Tunisia	15 September 1980	-
Barbados	2 February 1981	-
Morocco	12 June 1981	-
Romania	7 January 1982	-
Chile	4 July 1982	-
Lebanon	4 April 1983	-
Hungary	5 July 1984	-
Senegal	17 March 1986	-
Botswana	16 February 1988	-
Sierra Leone	7 October 1988	-
Nigeria	7 November 1988	-
Kenya	31 July 1989	-
Burkina Faso	14 August 1989	-

Lesotho	26 October 1989	-
Guinea	23 January 1991	-
Malawi	18 March 1991	-
Zambia	7 October 1991	-
Austria	29 July 1993	-
Cameroon	21 October 1993	-
Czech Republic	23 June 1995	-
Gambia	7 February 1996	-
Georgia	21 March 1996	-
Burundi	4 September 1998	-
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	12 September 2001	-
Jordan	10 May 2001	-
Syrian Arab Republic	16 October 2002	-

173 **4. United Nations Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods (Vienna, 1980)**

174

Lesotho	18 June 1981	-
France	6 August 1982	-
Syrian Arab Republic	19 October 1982	-
Egypt	6 December 1982	-
Hungary	16 June 1983	-
Argentina	19 July 1983	-
Zambia	6 June 1986	-
China	11 December 1986	-
Italy	11 December 1986	-
United States of America	11 December 1986	-
Finland	15 December 1987	-
Sweden	15 December 1987	-
Austria	29 December 1987	-
Mexico	29 December 1987	-

Australia	17 March 1988	-
Mauritania	20 August 1999	-
Norway	20 July 1988	-
Denmark	14 February 1989	-
Belarus	9 October 1989	-
Germany */	21 December 1989	-
Ukraine	3 January 1990	-
Chile	7 February 1990	-
Switzerland	21 February 1990	-
Iraq	5 March 1990	-
Bulgaria	9 July 1990	-
Spain	24 July 1990	-
Russian Federation **/	16 August 1990	-
Netherlands	13 December 1990	-
Guinea	23 January 1991	-
Canada	23 April 1991	-
Romania	22 May 1991	-
Ecuador	27 January 1992	-
Uganda	12 February 1992	-
Slovakia */	28 May 1993	-
Estonia	20 September 1993	-
Czech Republic */	30 September 1993	-
Slovenia **/	7 January 1994	-
Bosnia and Herzegovina **/	12 January 1994	-
Georgia	16 August 1994	-
New Zealand	22 September 1994	-
Moldova	13 October 1994	-
Cuba	2 November 1994	-
Lithuania	18 January 1995	-
Singapore	16 February 1995	-
Poland	19 May 1995	-
Belgium	31 October 1996	-

Uzbekistan	27 November 1996	-
Luxembourg	30 January 1997	-
Latvia	31 July 1997	-
Mongolia	31 December 1997	-
Greece	12 January 1998	-
Croatia	8 June 1998 **/	-
Burundi	4 September 1998	-
Uruguay	25 January 1999	-
Peru	25 March 1999	-
Kyrgyzstan	11 May 1999	-
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	12 September 2000	-
Yugoslavia **/	12 March 2001	-
Iceland	10 May 2001	-
Colombia	10 July 2001	-
Israel	22 January 2002	-
Honduras	10 October 2002	-
Republic of Korea	17 February 2004	-
Gabon	15 December 2004	-
Cyprus	7 March 2005	-

175 */ The former German Democratic Republic ratified this Convention on 23 February 1989.

176 **/ The Russian Federation continues, as from 24 December 1991, the membership of the former Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR) in the United Nations and maintains, as from that date, full responsibility for all the rights and obligations of the USSR under the Charter of the United Nations and multilateral treaties deposited with the Secretary-General.

177 * / Succession; the former Czechoslovakia ratified this Convention on 5 March 1990.

178 * */ Succession; the former Yugoslavia had signed and ratified

this Convention on 11 April 1980 and 27 March 1985, respectively.

5. United Nations Convention on International Bills of Exchange and International Promissory Notes (New York, 1988)

179

Guinea	23 January 1991	-
Mexico	15 September 1992	-
Honduras	8 August 2001	-
Gabon	15 December 2004	-

180

6. United Nations Convention on the Liability of Operators of Transport Terminals in International Trade (Vienna, 1991)

181

Georgia	21 March 1996	-
Egypt	6 April 1999	-
Gabon	15 December 2004	-

182

7. United Nations Convention on Independent Guarantees and Stand-by Letters of Credit (New York, 1995)

183

Ecuador	18 June 1997	-
Panama	21 May 1998	-
El Salvador	31 July 1998	-
Kuwait	28 October 1998	-
Tunisia	8 December 1998	-
Belarus	23 January 2002	-

184

185 **8. Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of
Foreign Arbitral Awards (New York, 1958)**

186

Israel	5 January 1959	-
Morocco	12 February 1959	-
Egypt	9 March 1959	-
Syrian Arab Republic	9 March 1959	-
France	26 July 1959	-
Thailand	21 December 1959	-
Cambodia	5 January 1960	-
India	13 July 1960	-
Russian Federation **/	24 August 1960	-
Ukraine	10 October 1960	-
Belarus	15 November 1960	-
Norway	14 March 1961	-
Austria	2 May 1961	-
Japan	20 June 1961	-
Germany */	30 June 1961	-
Romania	13 September 1961	-
Poland	3 October 1961	-
Bulgaria	10 October 1961	-
Ecuador	3 January 1962	-
Finland	19 January 1962	-
Hungary	5 March 1962	-
Sri Lanka	9 April 1962	-
Greece	16 July 1962	-
Madagascar	16 July 1962	-
Central African Republic	15 October 1962	-
Netherlands	24 April 1964	-
United Republic of Tanzania	13 October 1964	-
Niger	14 October 1964	-
Switzerland	1 June 1965	-

Status of UNCITRAL Conventions and Model Laws

Trinidad and Tobago	14 February 1966	-
Philippines	6 July 1967	-
Tunisia	17 July 1967	-
Ghana	9 April 1968	-
Italy	31 January 1969	-
Nigeria	17 March 1970	-
United States of America	30 September 1970	-
Mexico	14 April 1971	-
Botswana	20 December 1971	-
Sweden	28 January 1972	-
Denmark	22 December 1972	-
Republic of Korea	8 February 1973	-
Benin	16 May 1974	-
Cuba	30 December 1974	-
Australia	26 March 1975	-
Holy See	14 May 1975	-
Belgium	18 August 1975	-
Chile	4 September 1975	-
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	24 September 1975	-
South Africa	3 May 1976	-
Spain	12 May 1977	-
Kuwait	28 April 1978	-
San Marino	17 May 1979	-
Colombia	25 September 1979	-
Jordan	15 November 1979	-
Cyprus	29 December 1980	-
Ireland	12 May 1981	-
Indonesia	7 October 1981	-
Monaco	2 June 1982	-
New Zealand	6 January 1983	-
Uruguay	30 March 1983	-
Djibouti	14 June 1983	-

Luxembourg	9 September 1983	-
Haiti	5 December 1983	-
Guatemala	21 March 1984	-
Panama	10 October 1984	-
Malaysia	5 November 1985	-
Canada	12 May 1986	-
Singapore	21 August 1986	-
China	22 January 1987	-
Burkina Faso	23 March 1987	-
Costa Rica	26 October 1987	-
Cameroon	19 February 1988	-
Bahrain	6 April 1988	-
Peru	7 July 1988	-
Dominica	28 October 1988	-
Antigua and Barbuda	2 February 1989	-
Algeria	7 February 1989	-
Kenya	10 February 1989	-
Argentina	14 March 1989	-
Lesotho	13 June 1989	-
Guinea	23 January 1991	-
Côte d'Ivoire	1 February 1991	-
Uganda	12 February 1992	-
Latvia	14 April 1992	-
Bangladesh	6 May 1992	-
Turkey	2 July 1992	-
Slovenia	6 July 1992	-
Barbados	16 March 1993	-
Slovakia	28 May 1993	-
Croatia	26 July 1993	-
Estonia	30 August 1993	-
Bosnia and Herzegovina	1 September 1993	-
Czech Republic	30 September 1993	-

The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	10 March 1994	-
Saudi Arabia	19 April 1994	-
Georgia	2 June 1994	-
Mali	8 September 1994	-
Zimbabwe	29 September 1994	-
Senegal	17 October 1994	-
Portugal	18 October 1994	-
Mongolia	24 October 1994	-
Venezuela	8 February 1995	-
Lithuania	15 March 1995	-
Bolivia	28 April 1995	-
Viet Nam	12 September 1995	-
Kazakstan	20 November 1995	-
Uzbekistan	7 February 1996	-
Mauritius	19 June 1996	-
Brunei Darussalam	25 July 1996	-
Kyrgyzstan	18 December 1996	-
Mauritania	30 January 1997	-
Paraguay	8 October 1997	-
Armenia	29 December 1997	-
El Salvador	26 February 1998	-
Nepal	4 March 1998	-
Mozambique	11 June 1998	-
Lao People's Democratic Republic	17 June 1998	-
Lebanon	11 August 1998	-
Moldova	18 September 1998	-
Oman	25 February 1999	-
Azerbaijan	29 February 2000	-
Malta	22 June 2000	-
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	12 September 2000	-
Honduras	3 October 2000	-
Yugoslavia * /	12 March 2001	-

Albania	27 June 2001	-
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	15 October 2001	-
Iceland	24 January 2002	-
Zambia	14 March 2002	-
Dominican Republic	11 April 2002	-
Brazil	7 June 2002	-
Jamaica	10 July 2002	-
Qatar	30 December 2002	-
Nicaragua	24 September 2003	-
Afghanistan	30 November 2004	-

187 */ The former German Democratic Republic acceded to the Convention on 20 February 1975.

188 **/ The Russian Federation continues, as from 24 December 1991, the membership of the former Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR) in the United Nations and maintains, as from that date, full responsibility for all the rights and obligations of the USSR under the Charter of the United Nations and multilateral treaties deposited with the Secretary-General.

189 * / Succession, the former Yugoslavia had acceded to the Convention on 26 February 1982.

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